

Co-simulation tool for EMTP-RV

June 2013, Xavier Legrand, EDF R&D

EMTP-RV UG



CHANGER L'ÉNERGIE ENSEMBLE

Outline

Co-simulation with EMTP-RV : why ?

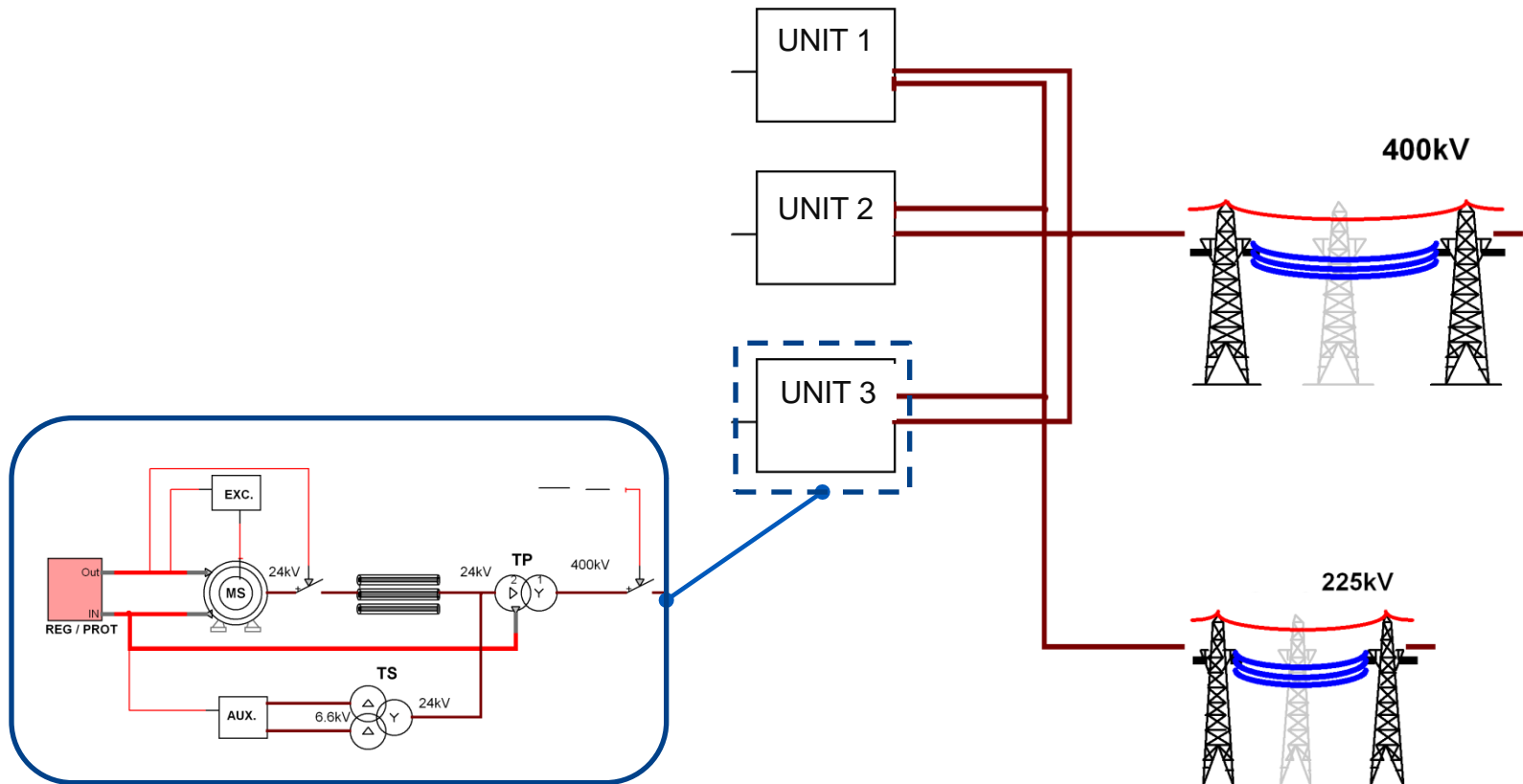
Co-simulation tool : Example

Test Case

Conclusion

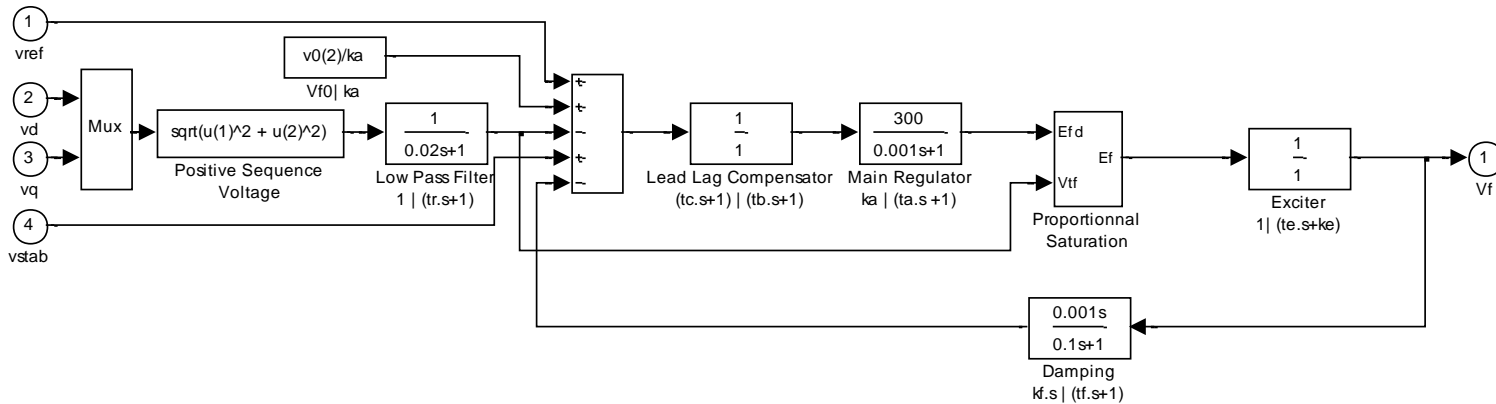
Co-simulation with EMTP-RV : why ?

- **Electric Utility : EMTP-type modeling for transients studies:**
 - Electrotechnic components of the system (lines, transformers, machines, ...).
 - Validated models (egs. power plants models on EMTP-RV for EDF).



Co-simulation with EMTP-RV : why ?

- **Vendors** : not necessary the same code for all parts of their system:
 - Egs. Machine controls on Simulink, mechanical parts on dedicated codes



Co-simulation with EMTP-RV : why ?

- **Electric Utility : EMTP-Rv modeling for transients studies**
- **Vendors : models based on other softwares**
- **How can we compute the behavior of the complete system ?**

Co-simulation with EMTP-RV : why ?

- **Some solutions for utilities:**

- **Re-coding the whole into the EMTP-Rv :**

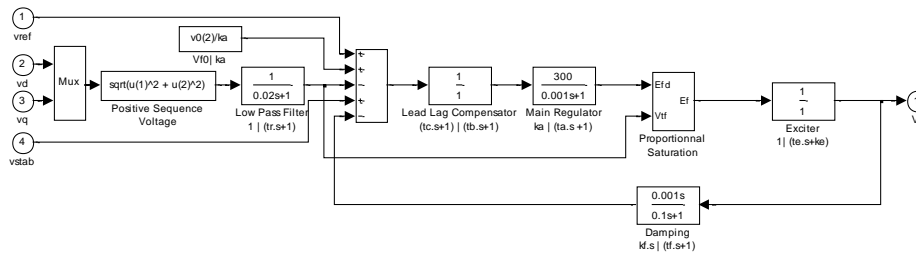
- Can be long / difficult;
- Changes required for each manufacturer modification;
- Tests : no validations by the vendor;
- Need for all data (confidentiality?);
- Can be asked to the manufacturer (request for proposal).
- Only one tool is needed at the end.
- **Ideal long term solution (only one solver, models added in libraries).**

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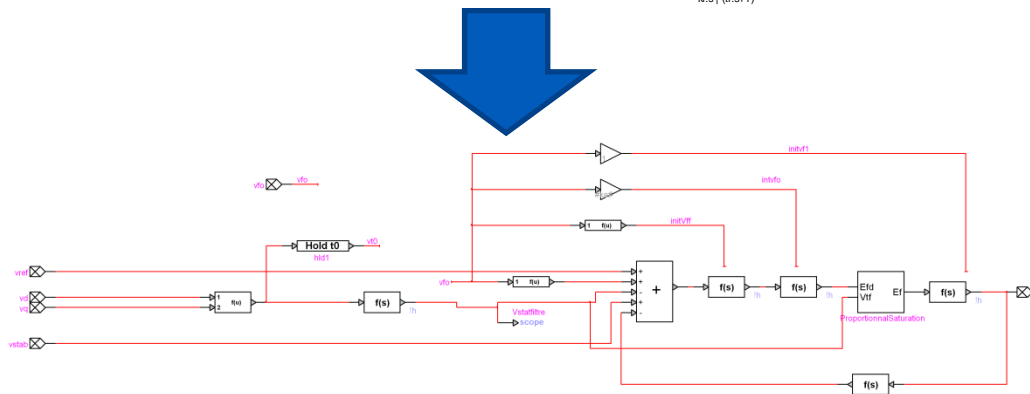
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code 1



code 2

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■ Black-box DLL approach

- Fast (almost direct with Simulink);
- Code compiling required for each modification (even the time-step);
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- 'Black box' : no requirement for all data.
- Controls seen as 'black boxes'.
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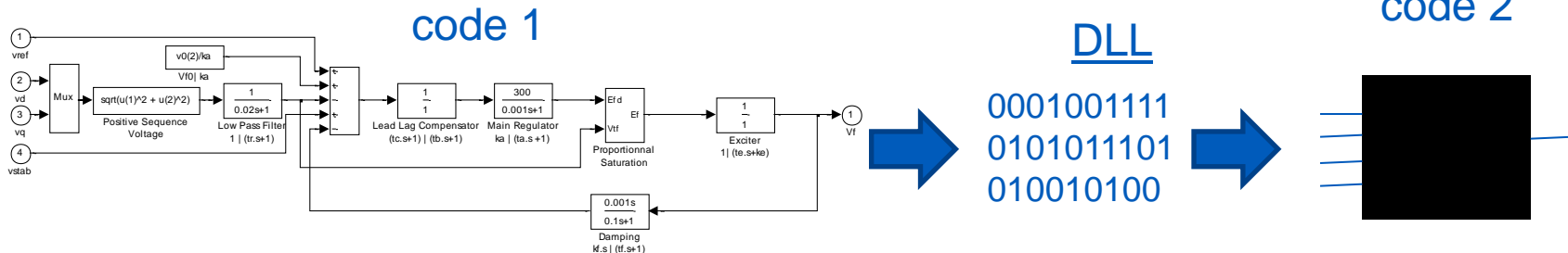
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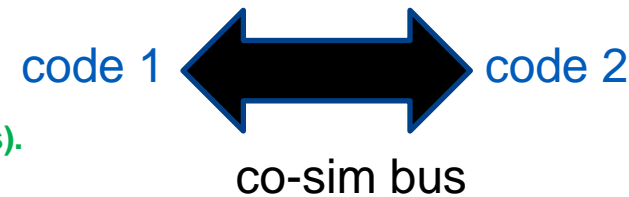
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- Almost direct with tools like Simulink (eRTW)
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- Integrated models seen as 'black boxes'.
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- Some numerical challenges (egs. Nodal based codes / State space based codes).

■ Co-Simulation

- Almost direct with an appropriate co-simulation tool;
- All parts can be directly modified using their original GUI;
- Tests : model validated by the manufacturer;
- 'White box' ;
- No requirement for all data (control blocks can be encrypted in Simulink).
- Both tools are needed (EMTP + Simulink).
- Some numerical challenges (egs. Nodal based codes / State space based codes).
- **Ideal short term solution (to test the behavior of the whole system with the vendor).**



Co-simulation with EMTP-RV : why ?

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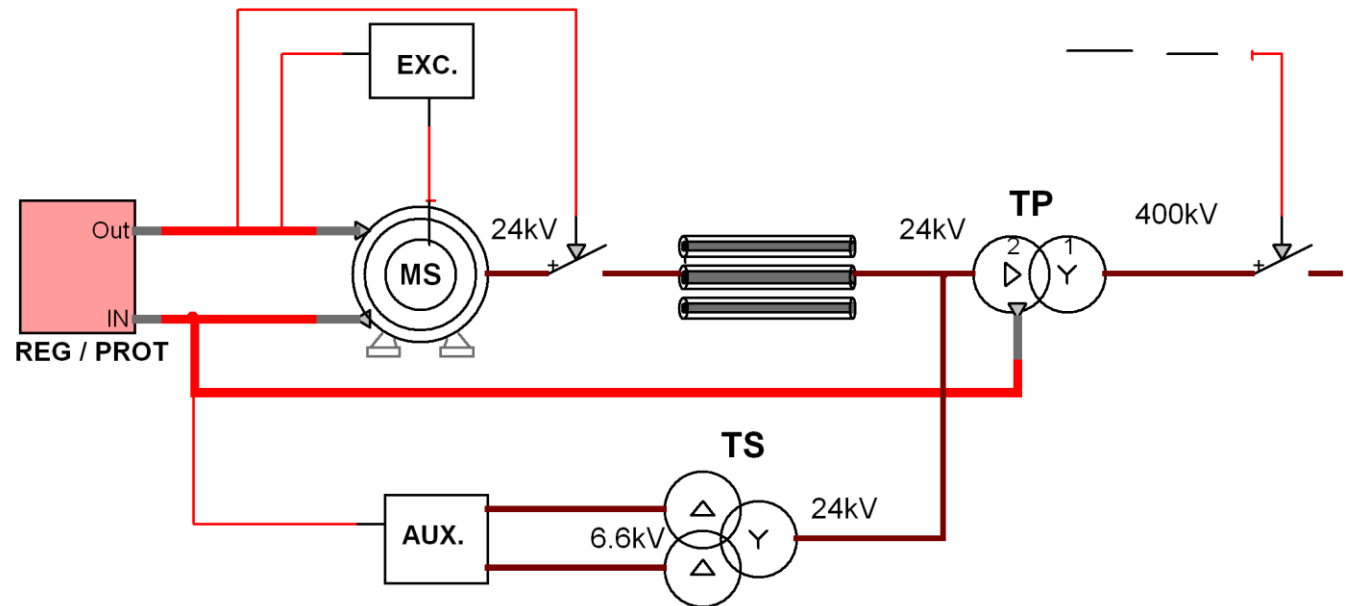
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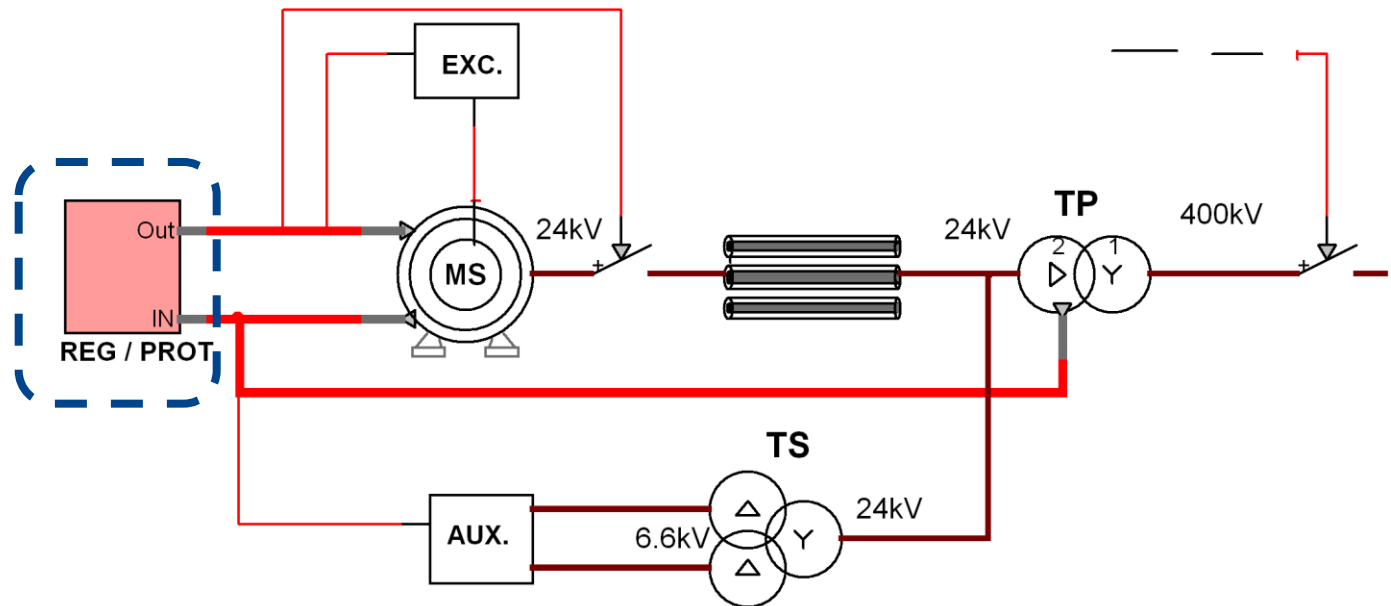
Co-simulation for power sys. studies : example

- EDF : power plant library into EMTP-RV
- New controls for the SM
- Vendor : Simulink models for the new controls
- > EMTP-RV / Simulink co-simulation



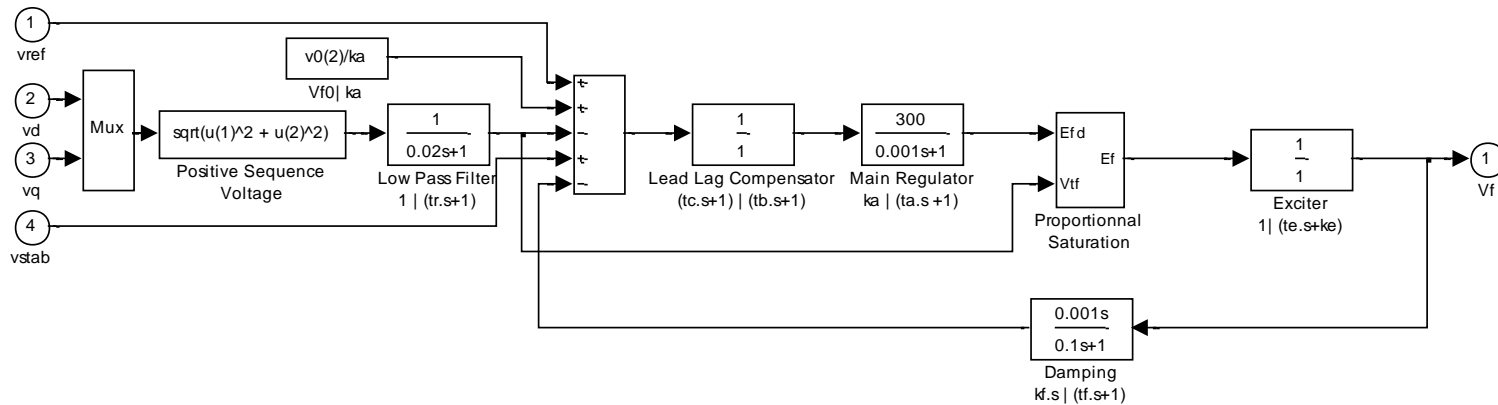
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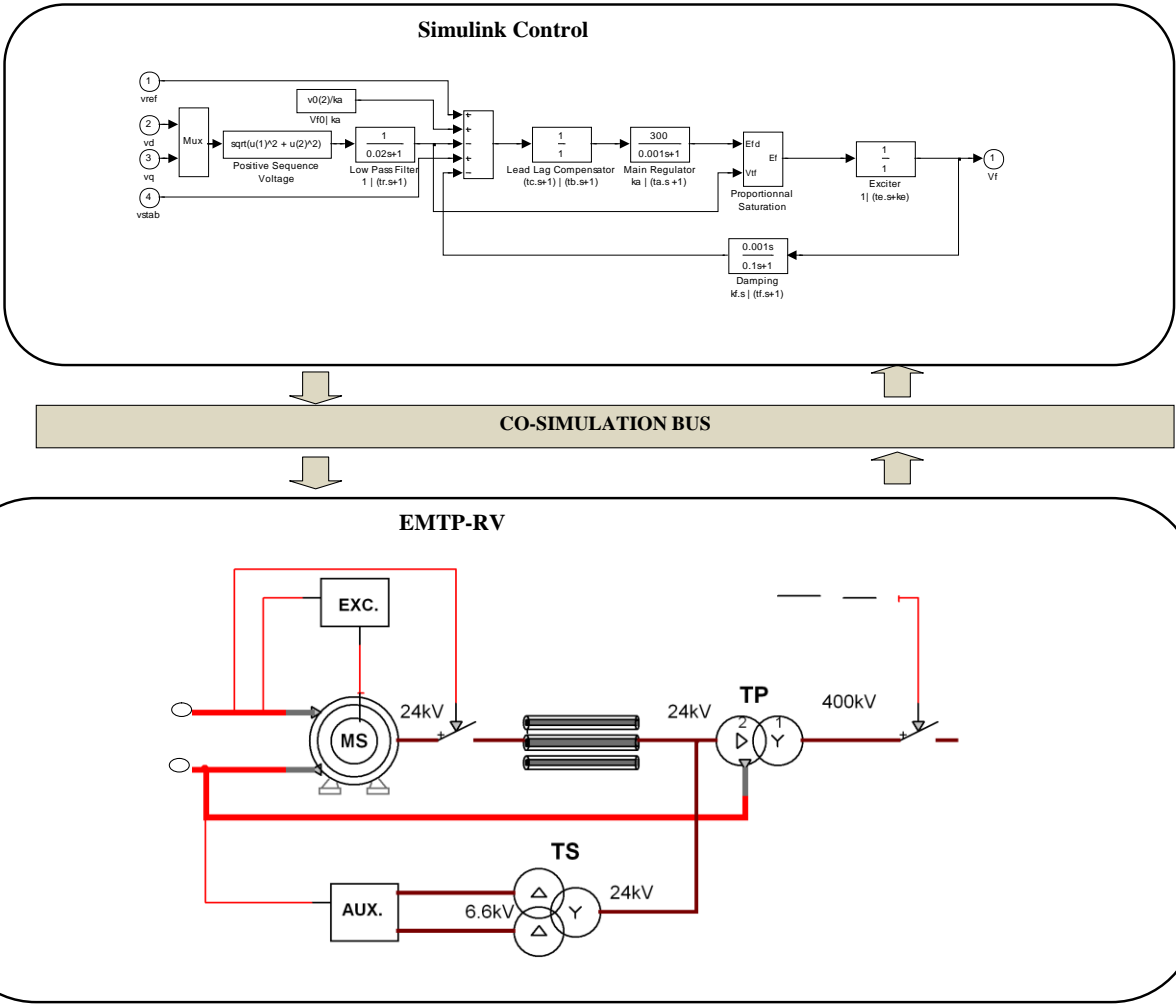
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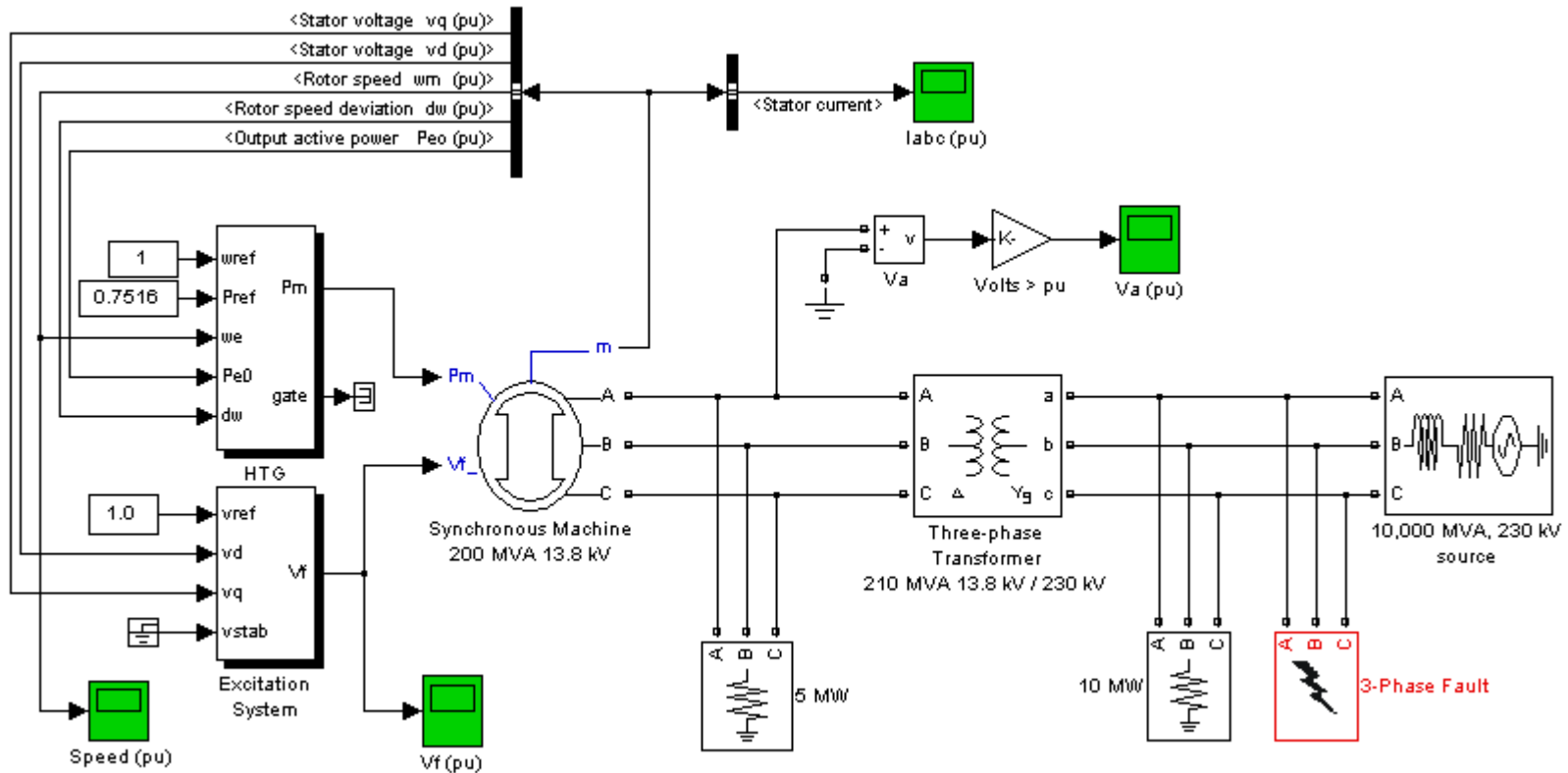
- EDF : power plant library into EMTP-RV
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- ⇒ EMTP-RV / Simulink co-simulation using a co-simulation bus.

Co-simulation for power sys. studies : example



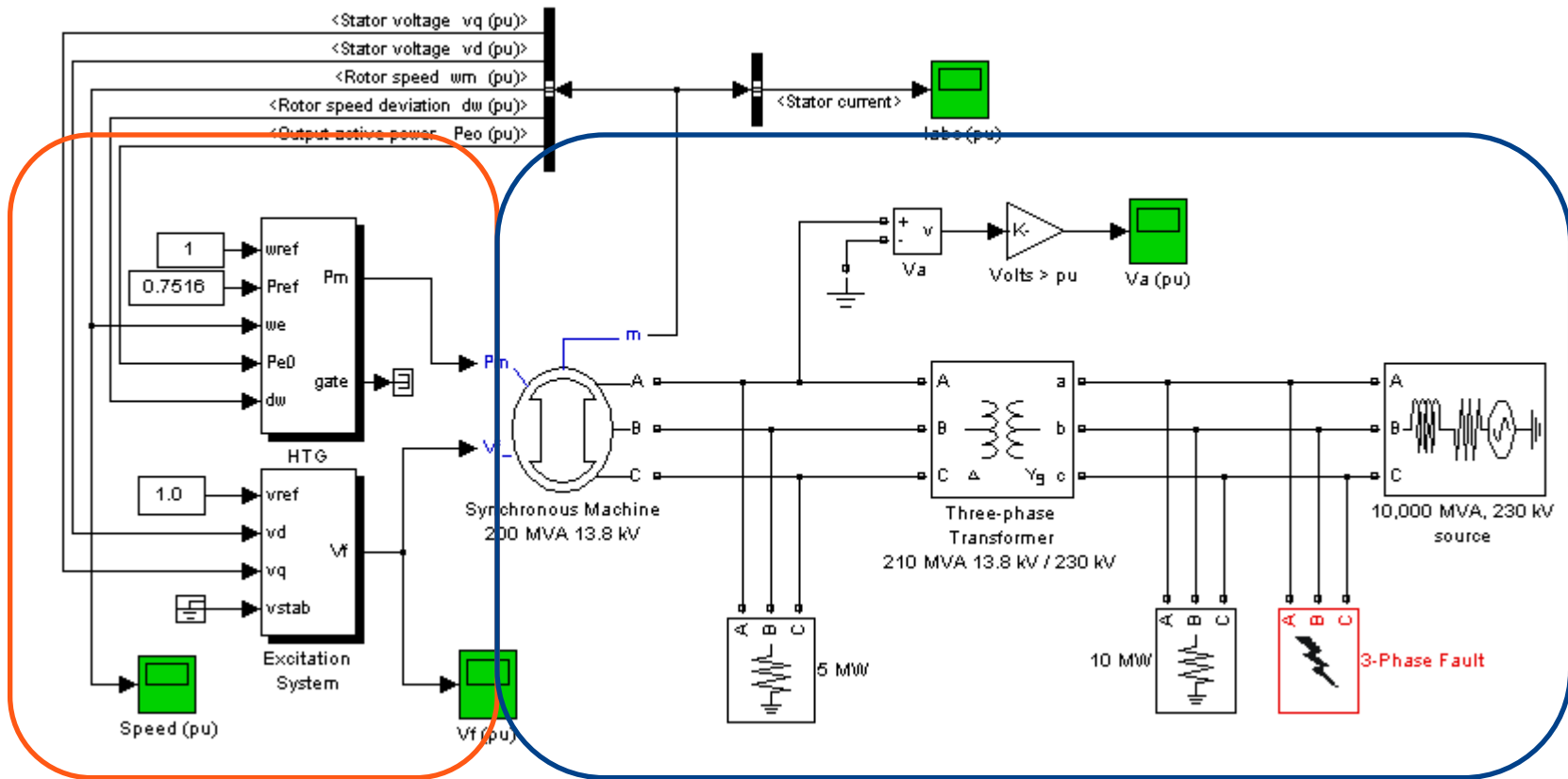
EMTP-RV/Simulink Co-simulation : test case

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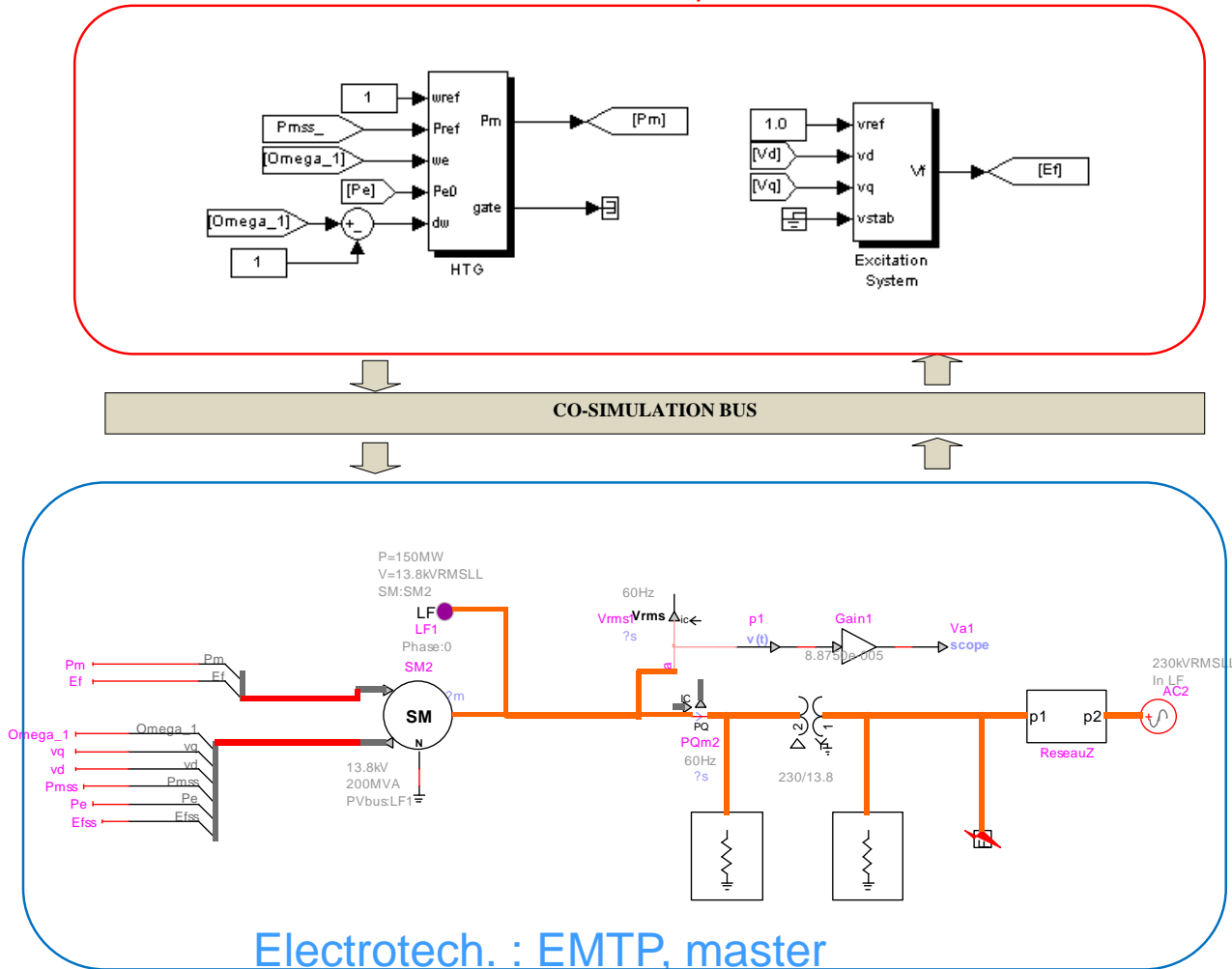
Control : Simulink

Electrotech. : EMTP-RV

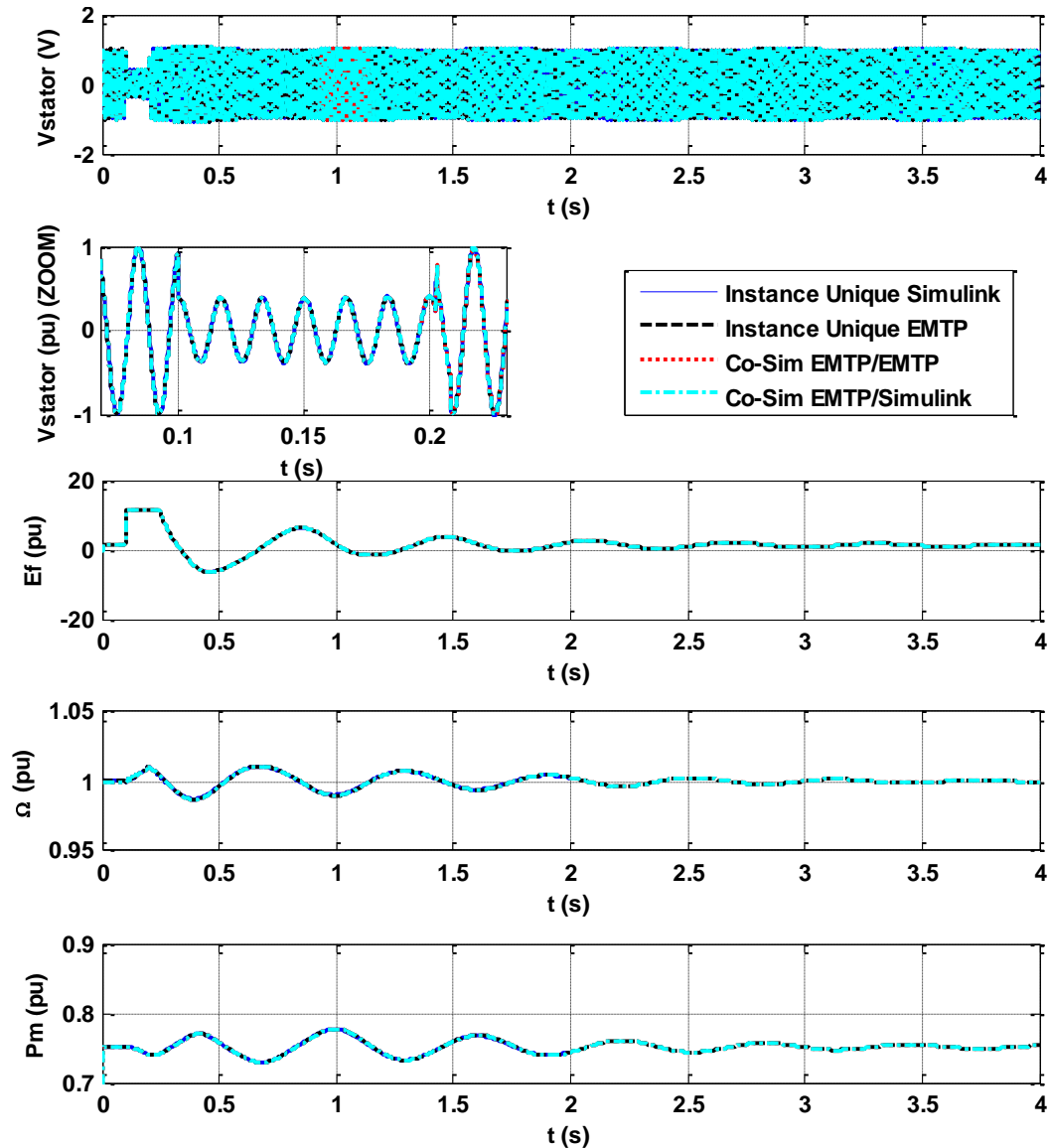
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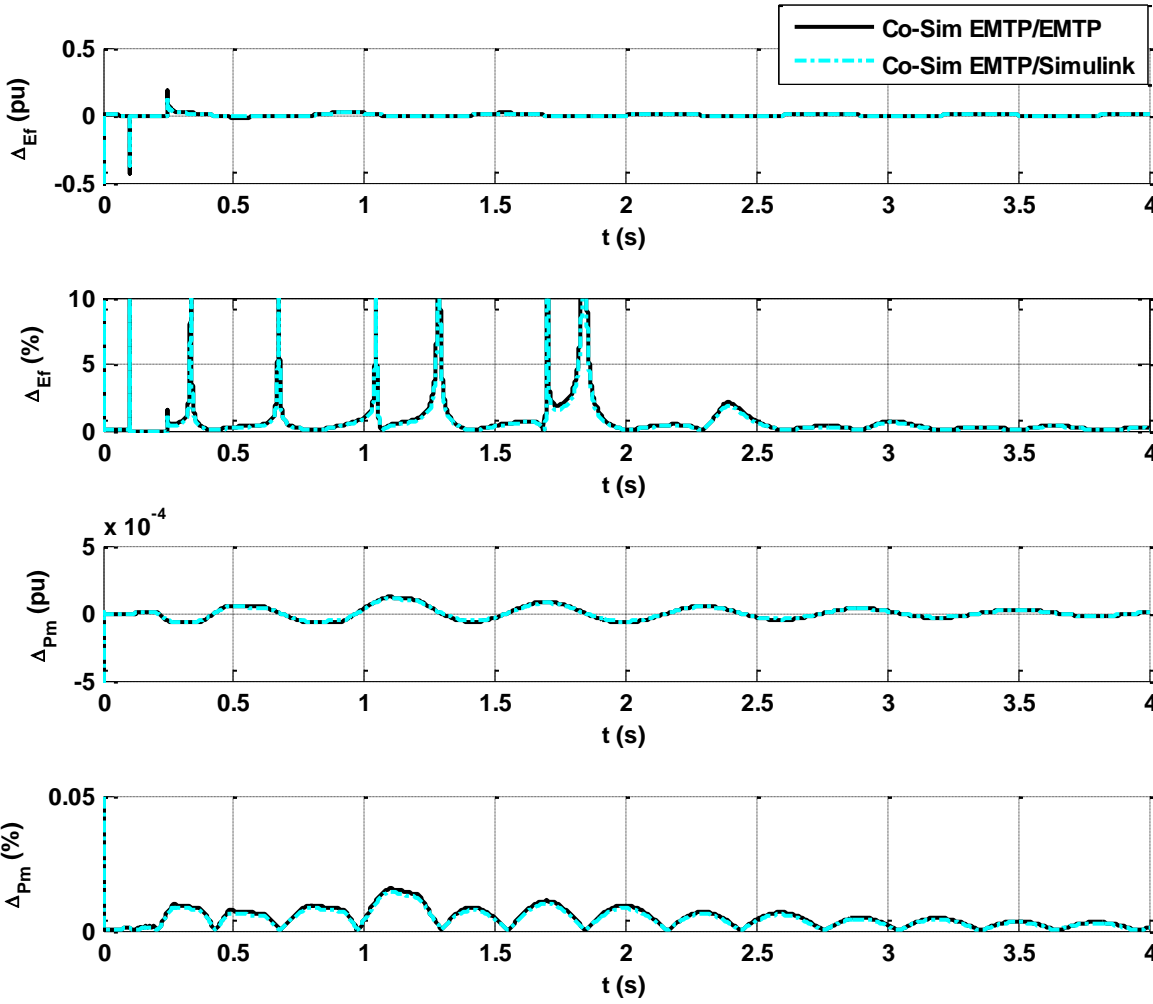
control : Simulink, Slave



EMTP-RV/Simulink Co-simulation : test case



EMTP-RV/Simulink Co-simulation : test case



Conclusion

- Co-simulation bus (several EMTP-Rv instances, EMTP-Rv+Simulink ...).
- Perspectives :
 - Applications :
 - smart grids (communication infrastructures dedicated tools)
 - use cosimulation for paralelization
 - Devt :
 - Fmi standard;
 - Windows / Linux co-simulation;
 - Improve UI...
 - Research :
 - Advanced seynchrosim mecanisms (egs. : iterative approaches);
 - Power signal exanges. (only control signals).
 - Co-simulation with transient stability packages (phasor domain codes)..